ROUGH ON DISEASE. SMOOTH ON CATTLE.
Choose the only oxytet injection that’s rough on disease — not on cattle.

Bio-Mycin® 200 (oxytetracycline injection) is the only injectable product formulated with Select Carrier™ to deliver oxytetracycline to the bloodstream and minimize costly injection-site lesions. That translates into being easier on your animals — and your wallet.

See the smooth difference.

In a head-to-head study, BIO-MYCIN 200 showed reduced tissue damage in cattle after injection when compared to Nuflor® (florfenicol), Micotil® (tilmicosin), Liquamycin® LA-200® (oxytetracycline injectable solution) (Sub-Q) or Noromycin® 300 LA (oxytetracycline).

Smooth and effective.

Compared to competitors, BIO-MYCIN 200 has higher peaks and longer duration of antibiotic levels in tissue.
How do we compare to Noromycin® 300?

BIO-MYCIN 200 is the smooth alternative to Noromycin® 300, and with time above minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) only showing an 18-hour difference, BIO-MYCIN 200 becomes an easy choice.

More value. More economical.

Losses due to lesion trimming can cost up to $40 per head. So choosing the smoother BIO-MYCIN 200 instead of a cheaper long-acting oxytetracycline can save you money over time.

Get the BIO-MYCIN 200 advantage:

- Unique Select Carrier™ is smooth in tissue for improved cattle comfort
- Higher blood levels than other 200 mg oxytetracyclines
- Provides fast-and long-acting oxytetracycline blood levels
- Treats a range of diseases including pinkeye, bovine respiratory disease, foot rot and leptospirosis
- Sub-Q delivery and Beef Quality Assurance (BQA) compliant
- Approved for lactating and non-lactating dairy cows and all beef cattle
- Excellent cost/benefit value when factoring in potential hidden costs (such as tissue damage and public perception) compared to competitive products

**BIO-MYCIN IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION:** When administered to cattle, muscle discoloration may necessitate trimming of the injection site(s) and surrounding tissues during the dressing procedure. Discontinue treatment at least 28 days prior to slaughter. Milk taken from animals during treatment and for 96 hours after the last treatment must not be used for food. Rapid intravenous administration may result in animal collapse. Product should be administered intravenously slowly over a period of at least 5 minutes. Exceeding labeled dose or more than 10mL per site may result in antibiotic residues beyond the withdrawal period. Reported adverse reactions may be attributed to anaphylaxis or to cardiovascular collapse of unknown cause.
BIO-MYCIN IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION: When administered to cattle, muscle discoloration may necessitate trimming of the injection site(s) and surrounding tissues during the dressing procedure. Discontinue treatment at least 28 days prior to slaughter. Milk taken from animals during treatment and for 96 hours after the last treatment must not be used for food. Rapid intravenous administration may result in animal collapse. Product should be administered intravenously slowly over a period of at least 5 minutes. Exceeding labeled dose or more than 10mL per site may result in antibiotic residues beyond the withdrawal period. Reported adverse reactions may be attributed to anaphylaxis or to cardiovascular collapse of unknown cause.